

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL XX

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1913

NO. 28

RAILROAD CARS MANUFACTURED IN THIS CITY

The Pacific Car and Equipment Company has recently built for the Oakland, Antioch and Eastern Railroad Company twenty ballast cars. The patent for these cars is held by an Eastern firm. After securing their permission this company successfully turned out the ballast cars, the first ever made on the Pacific Coast. The Pacific Car and Equipment Company is a present working night and day on a rush order, for the same railroad company, for fifty box cars and one hundred flat cars. Last week twelve flat cars were made and this week six box cars were completed. The need for these cars is very imperative because of the large sale of property in the Sacramento Valley, necessitating great improvements. When the order is completed, they will then fill an order for twenty-five automobile cars, which contain the doors at the ends instead of on the sides. This is also for the Oakland, Antioch and Eastern Railroad Company. This is but one illustration of what South San Francisco can produce in a manufacturing way. The great importance of this city as a manufacturing center is fast becoming recognized, and is steadily becoming generally appreciated by the constant increase of industries.

PREPARING FOR FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

Last Tuesday, Mr. Mitchell, an expert from the Board of Fire Underwriters of the Pacific, came to this city to advise the committee of the South San Francisco Chamber of Commerce in regard to the establishment of a fire alarm system here. Mr. Mitchell inspected the pumping plant and the water supply, and surveyed the town, with a view as to the number of fire alarm boxes necessary. After much thought and study he advised the committee to put in a system of twenty-three boxes, to build in the vicinity of the school house, a bell tower, holding a 2000 pound-bell, and to place a gong at the pump house, one at the engineer's home, and one at the central fire station. When the local committee has received his written advice, they will then take the matter up more definitely, and it is sincerely hoped that a substantial, effective, and successful system will soon be established in this city.

For Rent—Several bungalows, 4 room, bath and wash trays, all modern conveniences, hot and cold water throughout. \$15 per month. Apply J. G. Walker, Miller avenue. Advt.

Men's 50 cent Quality Brand Neckwear. At Schneider's. Advt.

For Sale—Three full size lots on Commercial avenue. Apply J. G. Walker. Advt.

INDUSTRY is something every man can have, not by inheritance, purchase or gift, but by his own effort.

INDUSTRY is indispensable to success, it brings a comfortable living, gives one self-respect, and commands the respect of others.

INDUSTRY is just another word for a savings account with the **BANK OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO**. Every one can have one.

BANK OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

W. H. COFFINBERRY, President

H. L. HAAKER, Ass't Cashier

Local Happenings in Brief

Mrs. R. I. Wood was a visitor in this city last Thursday.

Miss Grace Martin is spending this week-end at Inverness.

Miss Emma Eikerenkotter is spending this week-end in Mill Valley.

Bates, Borland and Ayer, expect to begin the grading of Baden avenue on Monday.

Miss Mabel McColm entertained the Embroidery Club last Thursday evening.

The local merchants have issued a four-page folder advocating home trading.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Snyder and Miss Ruth are expected to return home next week.

Manuel Andrade and family moved last Tuesday from this city to San Francisco.

J. O. Denny of the Coast Banker, San Francisco, was in town last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Sorensen returned home last Sunday from their visit to Sebastopol.

Chas. Sassmann has completed the improvements on his bungalow on Grand avenue.

Miss Lily Muller spent last Thursday night in this city as the guest of Miss Mabel McColm.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Evans entertained Dr. and Mrs. D. Stone, of San Francisco last week-end.

Mrs. McIntosh and daughter, from Berkeley, were the guests of Mrs. J. L. Simpson over last week-end.

Wm. Levy, of Los Angeles, is spending a week here. Mr. Levy is a former resident of this city.

Miss Clara Shelly, of Redwood City, is spending a few days here, the guest of Mrs. Geo. A. Kneese.

M. J. Levy, chemist at the Western Meat Company's plant, is enjoying a two weeks' vacation at Capitola.

Miss Irene Veit is spending two weeks in San Francisco visiting relatives. Miss Irene left last Saturday.

John Meyers, formerly of this city, was a visitor here on Sunday last. Mr. Meyers now resides in San Francisco.

Mrs. J. Neuman, formerly of this city and who now resides in San Francisco, was a visitor here on Thursday.

O. Andreoni has purchased A. Mortenson's house on Commercial avenue. Mr. Mortenson intends to go East soon.

Miss Norine O'Connell of San Andreas spent the first of the week visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Mahoney and family.

Miss Estelle Nace, of Santa Clara, is visiting Mrs. Andy Hynding. Miss Nace came last Sunday and will stay indefinitely.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Whitehead and children, of Redwood City, were visitors of Wm. H. Coffinberry and family last Sunday.

A. S. Hatch and wife motored from Half Moon Bay last Sunday to visit his sisters, Mrs. J. C. McGovern and Mrs. Geo. A. Kneese.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Coffinberry, Mrs. Elizabeth Coffinberry, Mrs. John Coffinberry and daughter, left to-day for a week, at La Honda.

Owing to the illness of her little daughter this week, Mrs. E. G. Evans was forced to postpone her departure for the East until Tuesday. Mr.

Evens will accompany them as far as Sacramento where he will remain for a week or so.

Wm. L. Hickey leaves to-day for Los Angeles where he will join his wife and children. He expects to be gone a week or ten days.

Mrs. A. Anderson left last Wednesday for Lafayette, Contra Costa county, to visit her mother. Mrs. Anderson is expected home today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Pellegrini and their son Joseph of San Francisco spent the latter half of last week visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Cunningham.

Miss Dora Harder expects to leave to-morrow for Tahoe with a party of her friends and relatives. Miss Harder expects to be gone two weeks.

Wm. Lawton and family moved last Thursday from the Patchell house on Eucalyptus and Miller avenues to the Tyson cottages on Grand avenue.

Miss Georgia McClure who has spent the last three weeks with her cousin, Mrs. H. B. Wood, left Friday morning for La Grande, Fresno county.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Healy of South Berkeley and two children were visitors in this city last Sunday. Mr. Healy is the son of M. F. Healy of this city.

The total value of international money orders issued by the South San Francisco postoffice for twelve months ending June 30, 1913, is \$17,294.71.

The friends of Mrs. Manuel Moniz are sorry to learn of her illness. Mrs. Moniz went to the Red Cross Hospital at San Mateo last Monday and is doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Larsen have moved into their new home on Grand avenue, and are rapidly making it a very attractive abode by the many little finishing touches.

A surprise birthday dinner was given to Frank Tunzi, by his sister Mrs. Chas. Menzie last Sunday evening. The party consisted of Mr. Tunzi's relatives, about ten being present.

Last Tuesday evening Albert Horner Jr. of Honolulu, paid a visit to the Martin family. Mr. Horner has just graduated from Cornell and expects to be located in San Francisco for a year or so.

Last Tuesday morning one of the men, digging a ditch for the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, was hit by a brick, thrown by one of fifteen strikers and sympathizers standing around watching the work. After some back remark, by the gas man,

Early Wednesday morning four poles supporting heavy wires carrying 60,000 volts of electricity were blown down by giant powder by unknown parties.

The poles are located on the hill above Tunnel 5 of the Southern Pacific Company a short distance north of this city.

After daylight tracks of either buggy or wagon wheels were traced along the highway near there almost to Daly City.

It is alleged the falling of the wires caused the fire that destroyed the Pacific Fertilizer factory on San Bruno road near the county line.

It is stated that the powder that did the damage of the poles was stolen from the storage barn of Bates, Borland and Ayer in Daly City.

Traces of attempts to burn and saw down the poles were found by Manager Florence, in company with a representative of The Enterprise and Trustees F. A. Cunningham and J. C. McGovern Friday morning.

The top cross arms had been broken and the bottom portions of the poles badly splintered. The ground in the vicinity of the poles was covered with splintered wood and broken insulators.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The city board of trustees met in regular session in the city hall last Monday night.

W. E. Leahy was granted a Class A liquor license.

(At the previous meeting a Class A license was granted to Bianchi & Cursis instead of J. Bianchi, as published.)

A resolution adopting plans and specifications for a storm sewer in Grand avenue, from the west line of Linden avenue to the east line of Division street, which had been prepared by City Engineer Kneese, was carried, upon motion of Trustee Hickey, seconded by Trustee McGovern.

Notice inviting sealed proposals or bids for doing the work is printed in another column of this paper.

A petition from E. C. Peck asking that certain streets in Peck's subdivision in this city be abandoned and new ones accepted was laid over until next Monday night to be acted upon.

City officers' monthly reports were presented as follows:

Clerk Smith—Cash on hand June 1, 1913, \$4378.38. Receipts during June—Recorder's court, \$35; vehicle licenses, \$117; city taxes, \$18.42; special permits, \$17.50; interest on deposits, \$5.90; total, \$193.82. Grand total, \$4572.20. Expenditures as per warrants drawn, \$1309.70. Balance cash on hand July 1, 1913, \$3262.50.

The treasurer and marshal's reports were the same as the clerk's.

Poundmaster Quinn reported stock taken up during May and June as follows: Cows, 14; horses, 6; goats, 6.

The reports were accepted and ordered filed.

The street committee was authorized to construct a sewer to connect the Central Hotel with the Division street sewer.

Upon motion of Trustee McGovern, seconded by Trustee Kelley, Ordinance No. 70, providing for the establishment of a fire limit district, was adopted.

Several claims against the city were allowed and ordered paid.

The grading of Miller avenue and the cross streets is rapidly progressing. As soon as this part of the work is completed between Chestnut and Orange avenues the work of paving and putting in sidewalks and gutters were they have not yet been laid in that section will begin. All the surplus dirt will be utilized for filling in the low lots.

ELECTRIC POWER POLES DYNAMITED

the fifteen jumped on him and a terrible fight ensued. Warrants were sworn and arrests made, one hundred dollars bail placed on each person. The offenders, however, are released on bail. The trial will take place next Tuesday in Burlingame.

The Italians at the upper end of Baden avenue have been notified to remove their crops as soon as possible. Mr. Rosaia will cut trees out on Baden avenue, being given the wood for his trouble.

Miss Josephine Sands has gone to Soledad for a three weeks' visit with relatives. She will return to San Juan until September, when she is expected to return home. She is much improved in health.

Last Tuesday evening Mrs. A. A. Whitten entertained a few of her friends at her home on Linden avenue. Miss McClure, of Fresno, was the guest of honor. A card game was greatly enjoyed by the guests.

John Sherrard of W. P. Fuller Company recently took some pictures of the Western Meat Company, Steiger Pottery and the Fuller Plants, from the top of the 600 foot Federal wireless tower. The pictures are wonderfully clear and distinct.

The executive committee of the San Mateo County Development Association met at the residence of W. J. Martin last night. This was a special meeting called for the purpose of devising ways and means to make more effective the operations of the association.

The friends of Mrs. Angelo Menecarini were greatly shocked by her sudden illness and death. Last week she was taken to the Red Cross Hospital, San Mateo, where she lived only until Sunday night. The funeral took place last Wednesday. Mrs. Menecarini leaves a husband and four little children.

H. Wolf, a guard employed by the Pacific Gas and Electric Co. to protect its employees from assault was found guilty of carrying a concealed weapon by Justice Davis in Recorder Rehberg's court Friday morning and fined \$50, from which judgment Attorney H. C. Ross, defendant's attorney took an appeal. Jas. Davidson, a striker, had sworn to the complaint.

One day last week one of the men at the Pacific Coast Steel Company plant while working near the ten-inch mill, got his clothing caught in the machinery. With great presence of mind he was able to keep his body from being entangled, but every stitch of his clothing was ripped from his body, leaving him, very miraculously, uninjured, but in a very Adam-like condition.

A Great Modern Convenience

Aside from the great comfort and convenience of electricity as a lighting factor, it greatly adds to the beauty of the home. It gives the house a modern up-to-date appearance and makes things cheery.

Why burn dirty, smelly lamps when electricity may be enjoyed at a very small cost?

Write us for full information.

"Pacific Service" is "Perfect Service."

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

South San Francisco**Railroad Time Table**

June 8, 1918.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

7:03 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

7:18 A. M.

7:40 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

8:04 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

8:44 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

9:23 A. M.

9:53 A. M.

11:13 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

1:07 P. M.

3:04 P. M.

3:41 P. M.

5:14 P. M.

5:28 P. M.

7:03 P. M.

7:26 P. M.

11:39 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:02 A. M.

7:22 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

8:23 A. M.

10:58 A. M.

11:58 A. M.

1:37 P. M.

(Saturday only)

2:22 P. M.

(Sunday only)

2:29 P. M.

(Except Sunday)

3:17 P. M.

4:37 P. M.

5:24 P. M.

(Except Sunday)

5:58 P. M.

6:47 P. M.

8:27 P. M.

10:22 P. M.

12:02 P. M.

(Theater Train)

LOOP SERVICE

From San Francisco via Valencia Street and to San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff.

6:18 P. M.

(Except Sunday)

From San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff and to San Francisco via Valencia Street.

6:25 P. M.

(Except Sunday)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8 A. M. to 9 A. M. Money order office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.

North, 8:03 a. m.

South, 11:57 a. m.

North, 12:13 p. m.

South, 2:18 p. m.

North, 3:41 p. m.

North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.

North, 11:57 a. m.

South, 12:13 p. m.

North, 2:18 p. m.

South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—F. A. Cunningham (President), Thos. L. Hickey, G. W. Holston, J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern.

Clerk W. J. Smith

Treasurer C. L. Kauffmann

Recorder Wm. Rehberg

Attorney J. W. Colebird

Marshal H. W. Kneese

Night Watchman W. P. Acheson

BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, Chas. Robinson, E. N. Brown.

County Officials

Judge Superior Court G. H. Buck

Treasurer P. P. Chamberlain

Tax Collector A. McSweeney

District Attorney Franklin Swart

Assessor C. D. Hayward

County Clerk Joseph H. Nash

County Recorder H. O. Heiner

Sheriff J. U. Mansfield

Auditor Henry Underhill

Superintendent of Schools Roy Cloud

Coroner and Public Adm. Dr. H. G. Plymire

Surveyor James B. Neuman

Health Officer W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor James T. Casey

Justices of the Peace E. C. Johnson

Constables J. F. Davis

Jas. C. Wallace

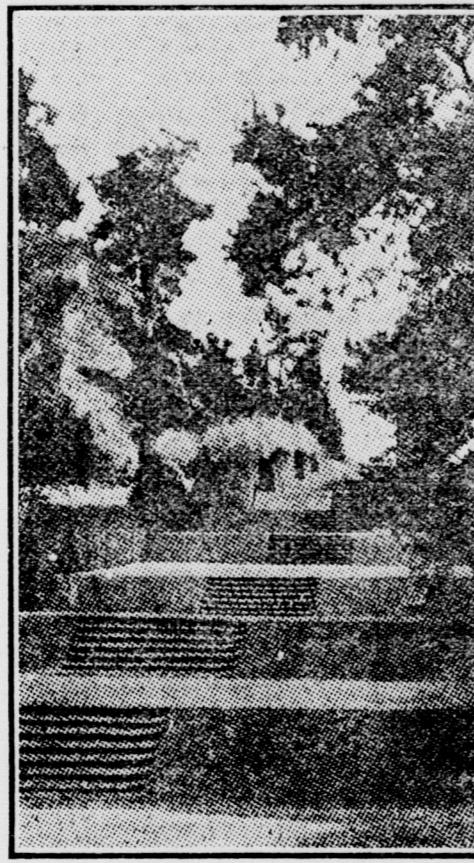
J. H. Parker

Postmaster E. E. Cunningham

GRASS WALKS AND STEPS ADD TO ANY CITY OR PARK

Sloping Ground Terraces Necessary For the Best Results.

Many gardens in England owe their beauty in no small measure to the velvety grass steps and walks that link together one feature of the garden with another. Grass walks are pleasant to walk upon and are pleasing to the eye. Moreover they enter into perfect har-



GRASS STEPS IN ENGLAND.

mony with the surroundings, whether it be trees, shrubs or herbaceous flowers.

A flower fringed grass walk is always a pleasant feature, but such a walk must be laid with care. Unlike gravel walks, which should have a concave surface, grass walks and steps must be level, and this means perfect drainage—a most important item, for if badly drained a walk of this kind would be a source of inconvenience after heavy rains. On sloping ground terraces are necessary. They require the same care that one would devote to a well kept lawn, but no more, once the effect is secured.

There are few steps of this kind in America, but they abound in English gardens. There is no reason why they would not remain green throughout the entire year in some sections of this country, and they can be easily substituted for the unsightly stone steps or ragged dirt steps which are common.

LIGHTING YARDS ADDS TO THE BEAUTY OF SUBURBS

Illuminating Conveniences For the Home Should Be Picturesque.

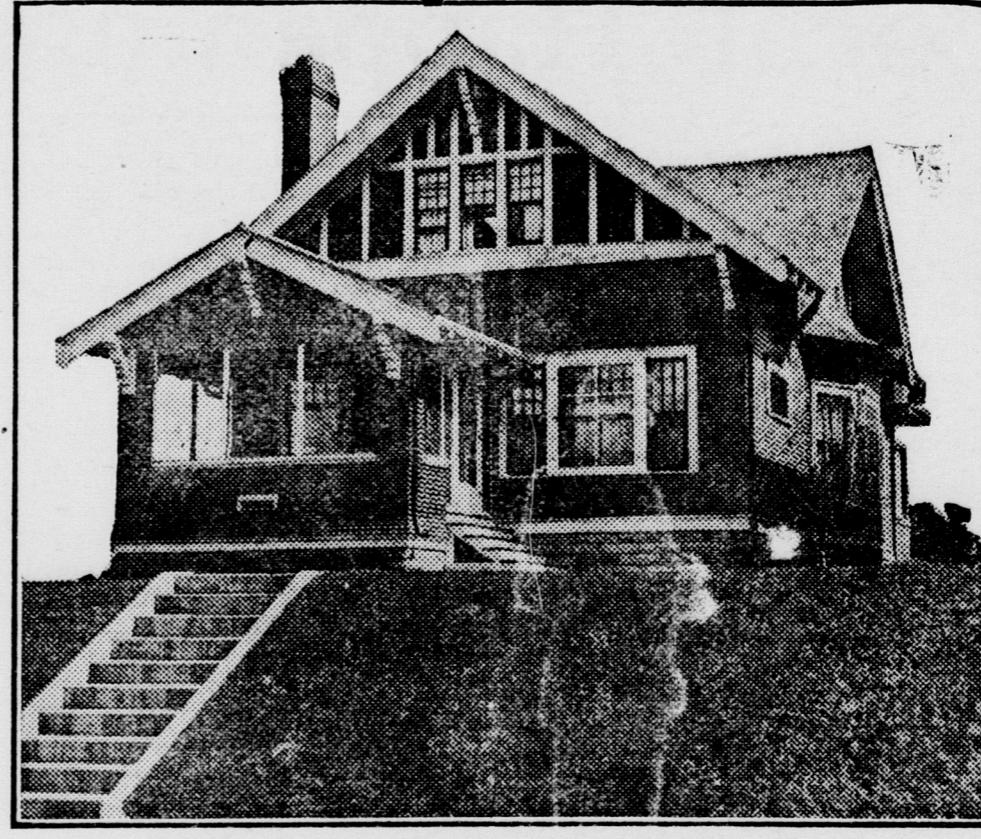
The use of kerosene, gasoline, homemade electricity and acetylene gas are being carefully tested on many farms and suburban estates, out of reach of public service corporations, for supplying lights. The common use of gasoline generators, which have now reached a high state of perfection, has brought them into prominence for outdoor lighting, as well as providing brilliant lights for the house and for cooking purposes. Gasoline lamps for the entrance gate posts, for lanterns set permanently on stable walls and for use within the stables and dairy barns may be enjoyed at little cost when one of these practical gasoline gas generators has been established for illuminating the home and the grounds. Without this plant for general use the plainest types of gasoline lamps, filled and lighted the same as coal oil lamps, may serve as the source of dependable lights for yards and stables.

Many practical and enterprising farmers who are blessed with streams on the home grounds that can be harnessed for the development of power are experimenting with homemade electricity with very satisfactory results. By damming up the stream for satisfactory water power an inexpensive electrical plant may be thoroughly practical wherever there is a stream of water of sufficient size and fall to turn a water wheel. One of the most interesting features in establishing this form of home illumination is the fact that the turbine used to furnish light will also provide power to run various sorts of farm machinery, including the feed mills, the wood saws, corn shellers, etc.

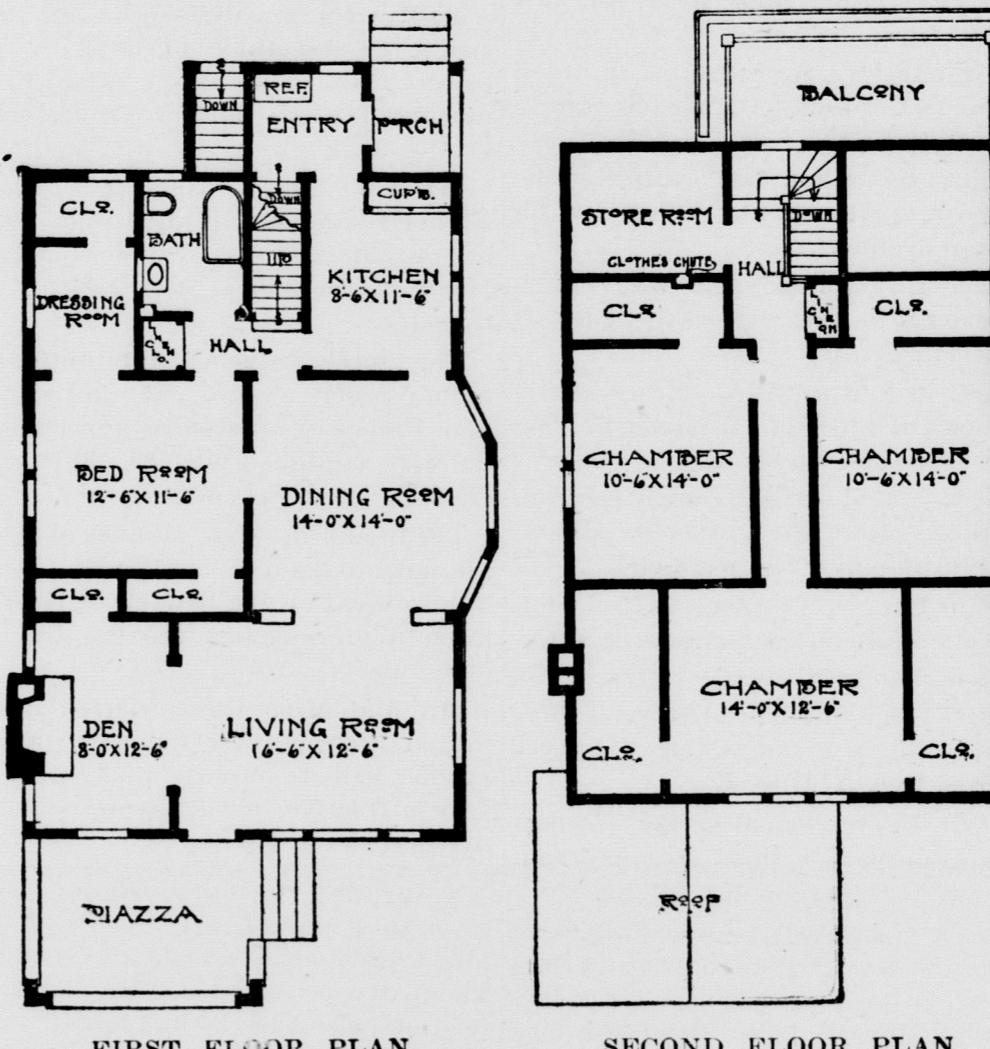
The subject of providing inexpensive and picturesque lanterns for yards and stables, however, need not depend upon the installation of extensive plants, or even the simplest of apparatus for homemade gas and electricity. The cheapest form of steady burning kerosene lamp, set within a lantern of good type, and with a good reflector,

AN IDEAL TWO STORY BUNGALOW.

Design 751, by Glenn L. Saxton, Architect, Minneapolis, Minn.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH.



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

This bungalow plan has a den and living room across the front. Could be made into one large living room if desired. There is a bedroom and bath in the first story connected with a dressing room or sewing room. Second story has three chambers. Full basement under entire house. First story, 9 feet; second story, 8 feet. Size, 26 feet wide and 40 feet deep over the main part. Finish in first story red oak or birch, pine to paint in second story. Birch or maple floors. Cost to build, exclusive of heating and plumbing, \$3,500.

Is within the reach of every farm owner and renter.

A picturesque setting will cost no more than a lantern position carelessly selected. An ugly post set close beside the driveway, at a dark turn in the garden leading to carriage sheds and stables, will doubtless give just as satisfactory results in the mere form of illuminating as the one set within a clump of flowering shrubs, or evergreen hedges, or dwarf spruces, but there will be no comparison in the decorative value.

CITY MANAGER PLAN NOW GROWING IN FAVOR

Sumter, S. C., Delighted With Success. Other Towns Favor It.

Every large corporation employs an expert in its various departments. If a banker needs an expert on credits, it spares no expense in employing such a man, no matter where he may live; if a cotton mill needs a superintendent it employs the best; if a newspaper needs an editor, if a railroad needs an engineer, or if a factory needs a manager, it gets the best man possible without asking where he resides.

Sumter, S. C., a city of 10,000 people, employed an expert to manage its city affairs, look after the parks, finances, streets, sewers, police department, fire department and all other municipal businesses. Sumter did not ask this city manager where he lived; he was not elected by the voters and hence the office was taken out of municipal politics. The mayor and councilmen employed the best man they could find and turned over the affairs of the town to him and expected results just as the manager of a factory must get results. The outcome was far more satisfactory than even the most sanguine had hop-

ed for. Expenses and leaks were reduced and efficiency promoted.

Now Whittier, Cal., and Hickory, N. C., are preparing to vote on the question of adopting the city manager plan.

Morganton, N. C., adopted it soon after the success of the Sumter plan became known. In El Reno, Okla., there is an amendment on foot

which would discard the commission plan of government and substitute a council of nine members with a city manager.

The city manager plan is also favored in Douglas, Ariz.

These are small communities, it is true, but it shows the trend of sentiment in the direction of introducing experts into municipal government.

Uses of Lime.

Lime is seldom if ever applied to soils by reason of its value as a direct fertilizer. Its chief value lies in its unlocking, unavailable nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash. We usually apply it to gardens in one of three forms—viz, quicklime, gypsum or lime plaster and wood ashes. We would not advise applying it in any form to soil for lawn purposes. Better far to use it on the grass when it shows need of food. It is very beneficial to Kentucky blue grass.

DRAYAGE AND EXPRESSAGE

KAUFFMANN BROS.

Light and Heavy Hauling promptly attended to. Baggage and Freight transferred to and from Railroads, Hotels, Residences, Etc., at reasonable rates.

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WOOD AND COAL**HAY AND GRAIN**

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F. FURINO

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Tinning and Jobbing. Estimates furnished on new work. All work guaranteed.

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South San Francisco California

GALLAGHER-MARSH BUSINESS COLLEGE

1256 MARKET ST. S.F. CAL.

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OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS

DESIGNS

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Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Owing to the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, South San Francisco will soon have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, and other enterprises, all of which are in operation to-day. The Meese Gottfried Machinery Company and the Enterprise Foundry of San Francisco have each recently made purchases of land, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

NEXT TIME
YOU BAKE--

USE **CALIFENE**

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant
under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San
Francisco, Cal., as second-class
matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year, in advance \$2.00
Six Months " 1.00
Three Months " 50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue near Bank



SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1913

1913 JULY 1913						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Statement of the Ownership, Management,
Circulation, Etc.,
Of The Enterprise, published weekly at South
San Francisco, Cal., required by the Act of
August 24, 1912:

Name of— Postoffice Address.
Editor—E. I. Woodman,
South San Francisco, Cal.
Managing Editor—E. I. Woodman, " "
Business Manager—E. I. Woodman, " "
Publisher—The Enterprise Publishing Co. " "
Owners—W. J. Martin, South San Francisco, Cal.
E. E. Cunningham, South San Francisco, Cal.
E. I. Woodman, South San Francisco, Cal.
Known bondholders, mortgages, and other
security holders, holding 1 per cent or
more of total amount of bonds, mortgages,
or other securities—None.
E. I. WOODMAN, Business Manager,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th
day of July, 1913.

[SEAL] F. A. CUNNINGHAM,
Notary Public,
(My commission expires January 11, 1915.)

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Mary Garden says she never sings unless she is in "good form". Her form has looked good every time we have seen her sing.

A Kansas woman, sixty years old, has been supporting her six-foot son, aged twenty-eight, by picking rags. We sympathize with her, although we know she doesn't deserve it.

The police in the Pennsylvania own that requires them to censor feminine fashions are likely to become as discouraged as the local official of the seashore resort who resigned rather than be held responsible for the styles of dancing.

In its actual record the aeroplane has taken rank as one of the most deadly engines of war.

Eight Cleveland experts have succeeded in assembling an entire automobile in two minutes and a half; but it takes an inexperienced joy rider only a second to scramble one.

The young Pittsburgh wife who is suing for divorce because her husband never kissed her might get the kind-hearted Richmond, Va., pastor to help her out in her troubles.

For Rent—Upper flat at 224 Grand avenue; 7-rooms, with bath, wash trays and electric lights; \$25 per month. Apply Jewelry Store, down stairs. Advt.

Men's Monarch Brand Dress Shirts, \$1.00. At Schneider's. Advt.

BASEBALL NEWS

STANDING OF CLUBS.

	W.	L.	Pet.
Redwood City	1	0	1000
Burlingame	1	0	1000
South San Francisco	0	1	0000
San Mateo	0	1	0000

The South Citys suffered a hard luck defeat last Sunday on the local grounds by the Burlingames. After our boys had batted three pitchers out of the box, got more hits than their opponents, and our slab artist Cavagnaro had struck out thirteen men, the local team had to be content with the short end of 18 to 15.

The Burlingame bunch can shake hands with themselves on account of a couple of costly errors made by the local boys, or they would have gone home wondering how it all happened.

South Citys' next regular league game, according to schedule, should be with San Mateo, but on account of a previous contract the San Mateos will cross bats with the Mountain Views to-morrow.

South City will play Burlingame a regular league game to-morrow on the Burlingame grounds at 2:30 p. m. Some rooters are needed to come down with the boys to encourage them. A win will put the local team in the 500 column.

On Sunday, July 20th, South City will hook up with San Mateo.

Following is the score of the game played in this city last Sunday:

South San Francisco	AB. R. H. E.
Gianinni, r. f.	4 1 0 1
Schappi, c.	6 2 3 0
White, b.	6 3 2 2
Beretta, ss.	4 4 3 2
Bills, 3b.	3 3 2 2
Anderson, 2b.	5 0 0 0
Ratto, c. f.	4 2 3 0
Haaker, r. f.	3 0 2 1
Cavagnaro, p.	5 0 2 0
Total	40 15 17 8
Burlingame	AB. R. H. E.
McCormick, 1. f.	3 2 1 1
Campi, 2b.	4 3 1 2
Iradele, 3b.	6 3 4 0
O'Donnell, c.	6 3 1 0
Benn, c. f.	4 0 2 1
Carriagan, ss.	6 1 2 0
Beck, 1b.	5 1 0 0
Gettings, r. f.	6 3 2 0
Reeves, p.	1 1 1 0
Boerner, p.	4 1 1 0
Total	45 18 15 5

First on balls—Off Cavagnaro, 5; Reeves, 3; Boerner, 5. Struck out—By Cavagnaro, 13; Reeves, 3; Boerner, 6. Three base hits, Bills, Ratto, Beretta, White.

The South City Jrs. will play the Hamilton Outlaws of San Francisco to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. Go and see a good game, as both teams are evenly matched. Admission 10 cents, children 5 cents.

SERVICES AT THE
METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday, July 13th. Sunday school 10:30 a. m. Senior Epworth League, 7 p. m. William H. Veit, president. Topic for Devotional Meeting, "The Distressed on Our Jericho Road." Public Worship 7:45 p. m. Preaching by Rev. C. H. Kirkbride of San Mateo. Administration of the Lord's Supper. All denominations are invited to partake of this Sacrament. Friday afternoon at 3:30 on July 18th there will be a meeting of the Junior Epworth League in the church for the purpose of election of officers. The pastor will act as superintendent of the Juniors until another Deaconess is sent after September conference. The Senior Epworth League will have a social in Guild Hall on Thursday evening, July 24th.

For Rent—Five-room cottage and bath; also for sale Pekin ducks. Inquire Wm. Rehberg. Advt.

Dress Shirts for Men, Arrow Brand, \$1.50. At Schneider's. Advt.

No Wind or Weather

Can harm the complexion, treated with our soaps, creams and face powders. For they give health, vigor and daintiness to the skin, removing all dirt, all effects of sun, wind or rain. To use them is to assure the performance of every woman's duty, which is to look and to stay beautiful.

SOUTH CITY PHARMACY,
San Bruno South San Francisco
Phone Main 162 Phone Main 82

COUNTY TAX
ASSESSMENTS
MUCH INCREASED

Following is a statement of the assessed valuation of San Mateo county for the year 1913, as prepared by County Assessor C. D. Hayward, which shows an increase of \$763,970 over 1912, and an increase of \$15,383,445 in ten years:

First township, \$6,083,860; second, \$2,899,130; third, \$6,665,815; fourth, \$1,926,560; fifth, \$954,45. Total of townships, \$18,529,790.

City of Hillsborough, \$2,530,785; Burlingame, \$1,929,310; Redwood City, \$1,548,895; San Mateo, \$3,214,995; South San Francisco, \$1,030,705; Daly City, \$695,460. Total of cities, \$10,950,150.

Total valuation of county, \$29,479,940. Operative Roll, \$1,024,775. Grand total for year 1913, \$30,504,715. Assessed valuation, 1903, \$15,121,270. Increase in last ten years, \$15,383,445. Increase over 1912, \$763,970.

COST OF STOPPING
AND STARTING TRAINS

Perhaps it has never occurred to the casual traveler that it actually costs a railroad company money to start and stop its trains; so much that the Southern Pacific Company has had the problem investigated with a view to getting exact figures. While authorities differ on the estimates, it seems quite well established that every time the brakes are applied on an average-sized passenger train and power again applied to set it in motion, the railroad company is out from fifty to sixty cents. It costs about that to take care of the wear and tear upon apparatus, to allow for the strain on the track, to provide the power to pump the air and to furnish the steam that starts the wheels revolving.

On the Pacific system of the Southern Pacific Company, with hundreds of trains daily, it can readily be seen that unnecessary stops are expensive, that is stops which are not made to load and unload passengers.

For this reason, alone, to say nothing of the more important ones of delay to passengers and merchandise, the railroads are doing their utmost to run trains through without delay. Double tracks, long and frequent sidings, carefully inspected and kept up equipment are among the things that officials are constantly studying to keep traffic rolling. No one benefits more than a railroad in keeping the traffic in motion once it starts so that it may go from point of origin to destination with as few stops as possible.

POPULATION OF SAN
FRANCISCO 500,000

Figures compiled for the 1913 city directory give San Francisco a population of 505,652, a gain of 23,722, inhabitants over last year. It is the largest increase shown in any year except the second year after the fire, when former residents, returning upon the restoration of order, swelled the total. The directory lists 1150 hotels and rooming houses and 764 apartment houses of the first and second classes.

COUNTY NOTES

County Clerk Nash had one of the small bones in his right arm broken last week in cranking his machine. The automobile "kicked back." The handle just missed his arm, but before he could recover his balance he fell forward, and his arm was caught between his body and the end of the front spring. The impact was sufficient to break the bone.

SERVICES IN
GRACE CHURCH

Grace Church, Grand and Spruce avenues, Sunday, July 18th. Service at 7:45 p. m. F. H. Church Pastor.

Commencing on July 7th

For One Week We Will Feature "Special Prices" Every Day.

Men's and Young Men's Suits are sold at prices lower than the prevailing market prices. The prices will be

\$14, \$16, \$18, \$20

In beautiful browns and mixed colors.

Also a fine number of Men's Shirts at special prices.

Ladies' Corset Covers, prettily embroidered, 48c.

Petticoats, elaborately trimmed, flat flounce of lace and underlay, 98c.

White Handkerchiefs, open borders, regular 10c, 2 for 15c.

Beautiful designs in Dresden Ribbons, per yard, 20c.

"THE HUB"
(A Store of Better Things)
313-315 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco

CALIFORNIA INVENTORS.

The following patents were just issued to California inventors reported by D. Swift & Co., patent lawyers, Washington, D. C., who will furnish copies of any patent for ten cents apiece to our readers.

Lawrence P. Bailey, Mountain View, adjustable hose holder; Helen M. Bell, San Francisco, supporting device; Samuel J. Bens, Fruitvale, toilet paper holder; J. Bouery, Weaverville, mining sluice; Robert W. Brittsan, Klamath, wrench; John A. Cardinell, San Francisco, machine for sharpening razor blades; Joseph F. Clapp, Los Angeles, cableway; Hugh T. Clark, Vallejo, lubricator; James M. Currell, Paso Robles, well drill; B. Falkenburg, Ontario, heating unit; Clifford D. Freeman, Bogus, spring wheel; Edward N. Mills, San Francisco, pneumatic elevator door controller; Cornelius J. O'Riley, Los Angeles, fruit picker's receptacle; Wm. B. Smith, Gardena, double water scoop.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

FRANCIS DRAKE LODGE, No. 376, F. & A. M., meets at Metropolitan Hall first Friday every month for Stated meetings. E. P. KAUFFMANN, Master. J. G. WALKER, Secretary.



SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LODGE, No. 850, THE FRATERNAL BROTHERHOOD, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall. C. F. GODDEN, President. DORA HARDER, Secretary.

TIPPECANOE TRIBE No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome. J. RIORDAN, Sachem. O. Lockhart, Chief of Records.



SOUTH CITY AERIE No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. T. C. McGOVERN, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

SAN MATEO LODGE, No. 7, JOURNEYMAN BUTCHERS, P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m. CHAS. HEDLUND, President. C. L. KAUFFMANN, Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE
Surgeon

Office, 500 Grand Avenue Hours
1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

J. W. COLEBERD
Attorney at Law

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, San Mateo Co. Cal.

Phone Main 222

IVAN W. KEITH, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

DEVELOPMENT WORK IN THIS CITY

The well-borers who have been boring a well for the Water Works Company in the marsh near the Prest-O-Lite factory, encountered rock at the depth of 110 feet, compelling them to stop. Another new well will be experimented with about 1500 feet further west, where it is hoped that a deep boring may be made. The steel-skeleton of the Enterprise foundry building No. 2, is nearly completed. When all the other building planned by this company are in place, the new plant of the Enterprise foundry will be the finest and largest of its kind on the Pacific Coast.

The grading on Division street is nearly completed. When this work is finished and the street macadamized, it will play a very important part in shaping the development of this municipality.

Plans have been prepared for the erection of a new building for the Western Meat Company. The building will cost about \$35,000 and in its use about forty new employees will be added to the already large working force of this company.

The executive committee of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company held a meeting yesterday afternoon in San Francisco. Among other important matters definite steps were taken, which will result in the building of many new bungalows in South San Francisco.

FRATERNAL ORDERS

The Fraternal Brotherhood.

At the regular meeting of the Fraternal Brotherhood on next Monday night Bro. Banbury from San Francisco will be present to install the officers that will serve for the coming term. There will also be initiations and the usual good time. Let every member be present. A. A. Whitten.

Mano's divorce law name is growing with the passing of Reno and Nevada as the mecca for those whom matrimonial ties have become burdensome, but a recent decision of Judge Charles P. McCarthy of the District Court for Ada county, of which Boise is the county seat, may give a bad complexion to divorces that are granted in the future. Judge McCarthy made his ruling in a land case. He held that where personal service is not secured, a defendant within a year may ask to have the judgment set aside and have the issue tried anew, after answer has been filed. Therefore, every divorce case in that State, where a decree has been granted, in which personal service has not been made, can be reopened, causing more litigation and marital troubles.

Idaho is one of the few remaining States in the Union which permits applications for divorce after but a six months' residence.

A monument to George Washington, presented by the American colony to the city of Buenos Ayres, was unveiled July 4th, amid the plaudits of thousands and the rendering by bands of the American and Argentina national anthems.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

The county board of supervisors met in regular session in Redwood City last Monday.

State aid was recommended for the following half orphans:

Asunta Belloni, South San Francisco, four children.

Alethia Davis, San Bruno, four children.

Auditor Underhill was authorized to employ an extra clerk for twelve days at \$2.50 per day to prepare a report for the state controller.

Three hundred dollars were appropriated for the purpose of paying a part of the cost of making a survey of the state road from Santa Clara county into Redwood Park.

A petition signed by E. A. Bohm and other citizens of San Bruno was read, asking that Sylvan avenue be opened across the railroad into Belle Air Park, the purpose being to afford that section greater protection from fire and to shorten the distance between the two places for the convenience of the citizens and school children.

The petition was accepted and referred to district attorney.

A communication was received from the State Railroad Commission informing the board that applications for similar crossings at San Bruno were under consideration by that body.

A communication was received from the State Highway Commission acknowledging the receipt of an ordinance passed by the board of trustees of Daly City turning over to the county by that municipality the streets through Daly City for the state highway.

Attorney James T. O'Keefe, representing residents of San Bruno, presented a petition for the incorporation of that place signed by Fred C. Allen and over one hundred others.

D. J. Lynch, F. C. Russell and A. A. LoReaux of San Bruno were sworn and testified that the petition had been circulated by them and that all of the signatures were genuine.

A lengthy petition signed by residents of the Millbrae school district was presented protesting against any part of that district being included in the proposed incorporation of San Bruno.

The matter was postponed until the first meeting in August and in the meantime Mr. O'Keefe is to prepare a map of the proposed incorporation.

A resolution was adopted temporarily transferring \$2000 from the first road district to the fifth road district.

The assessment rolls of the county showing valuation of \$30,504,715 were presented by Assessor Hayward and adopted, and the rule of giving three days' notice before raising or lowering assessments was adopted.

The clerk was directed to publish notice to taxpayers that the board would meet as a board of equalization from July 14th to 21st, inclusive, to equalize assessments.

GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

Williamsport, Pa., clergymen now refuse to marry couples failing to present health certificates.

The meat-packing establishments throughout the country are to be subjected to searching inspections by experts selected by the Secretary of Agriculture from outside the Government service. This step follows criticism of Federal meat inspection from various sources, and Secretary Houston announced that its object was to increase the efficiency of the service and to foster public confidence.

Hindoos arriving in Seattle from the American port of Manila have hitherto been admitted freely, but of the 201 who came on the last trip of the Minnesota, only 116 have been permitted to land, and 85 are held in the detention station awaiting further examinations. There has been a tightening of the requirements. Indoos are British subjects, and of the Aryan race, and are subject only to such regulations as confront European immigrants.

Deprivation of cigarettes is the "third degree" being inflicted on Pano Noun, arrested in connection with the murder in Chicago of Mrs. Florence

Woodruff. Noun has refused to talk and the police took his cigarettes away from him and refused to allow him to buy any more. The man raged for a time and then subsided into absolute silence. He is a Macedonian, and smoked continually until the police hit upon the idea of depriving him of his tobacco.

Four thousand baskets of cherries shipped to New York from Wenatchee, Wash., were seized by the Commissioner of Weights and Measures who charged that they were short a quart by more than nine cubic centimeters each. The discovery was made when one of the baskets was exposed for sale after a hole had been eaten in the false bottom by a mouse. This is the first time in three years that false bottom cherry boxes have been sent to New York by western ship

pers.

Exercising the right of franchise for the first time in Illinois, women voted for municipal officers in Waukegan, near Centralia, and on bond issues in two other cities, Libertyville and North Chicago. A president of the village board and six Trustees were elected at Waukegan. Mrs. Q. W. Coleman was the first voter at the polls. She appeared before 7 o'clock and waited for the polls to open in order to have the honor of being the first woman in the State to use the right conferred by the recent statute.

Emphasizing the importance of strong feet for the soldier, the regimental health corps of Tacoma, under the direction of Major C. J. Bartlett, U. S. A., made an examination of the 2000 feet of the members of the Second Regiment, Washington National Guard, at Camp James A. Drain. Army shoes are manufactured by the thousands, and occasionally are not true to the last and hurt the feet. The long marches on hot days tend to inflame the foot and serious disability may follow. The hose being worn also underwent examination.

Reverberations of the recent controversy between former United States District Attorney John L. McNab and Attorney-General McReynolds over the Diggs-Campani and Western Fuel Company cases, which led to McNab's resignation, stirred the proceedings of the United States District Court when the Federal Grand Jury, in its report criticised the President of the United States and the United States Attorney-General. United States District Judge Van Fleet refused to receive the report and ordered the Grand Jury to retire and eliminate from the document the objectionable paragraphs.

Walter H. Page, American Ambassador in London, is still on the pay roll of Doubleday, Page & Co., New York, at the salary he received as editor of *World's Work*. The salary is \$25,000 a year, which he receives from the firm, of which he is a member, is said to have made it possible for him to accept the Ambassadorship. His salary as Ambassador is \$17,500 a year. When the post was first offered to Page, he demurred, because of his lack of wealth. When President Wilson insisted, the firm of Doubleday, Page & Co., it is reported, decided to continue Page at his former salary, and, in effect, to give him a leave of absence.

Sixty thousand members of the ancient and picturesque profession of the "chiffonier" or ragpicker, are in revolt against the authorities at the prospect of seeing their means of livelihood taken away from them by the new sanitary regulations of the city of Paris, which come into force next month.

WOMEN BURN A COUNTRY MANSION

Arson Squad Causes Loss of \$100,000 by Incendiary Fire

An "arson squad" of militant suffragettes burned down the country residence of Sir William H. Lever, founder of Port Sunlight and chairman of the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine. The mansion is located at Rivington, near Horwich, Lancashire. It was not occupied, but contained valuable paintings. The damage to Sir William H. Lever's residence amounted to more than \$100,000.

Miss Sylvia Pankhurst was found guilty of inciting people to commit disorders on June 29th, when she led a mob to Downing street to raid the official residences of the Premier and the Chancellor of the Exchequer. She was ordered by the magistrate to find sureties in \$12,000 for good behavior for a year, or as an alternative go to prison for three months. Miss Pankhurst refused to find bonds and elected to go to Holloway jail, declaring that she would at once start a hunger strike and also go without water.

Under the new rules all the rubbish is to be put out by householders for collection in closed bins, only to be opened by the dustmen, who work around midnight. Thus at one swoop the occupation of an army of workers is gone. A petition of the "syndicate of Working Ragpickers of Both Sexes in Seine Department" against the enforcement of the new law is being distributed broadcast for signatures, but the appeal is meeting with little response from the public, which is convinced that the health of the city with its 3,000,000 persons is the more important consideration.

The first great camp school of instruction for the mobile forces of the National Guard of California is fast assuming shape at Santa Cruz. Troops are arriving from all parts of the State crowded with officers and men. The militia field hospital of Los Angeles under Major Decker and the militia ambulance company of Napa under Captain Bulson have gone into camp with the regular outfit for instruction. Brigadier-General E. A. Forbes, the Adjutant-General of California, is in command of the camp, and Major W. S. Graves of the Twentieth Infantry, from Fort Douglass, Utah, is in general charge of the instruction. It is estimated that there will be 1000 officers and non-commissioned officers, both regular and militia, in the camp, all the details of which have been carefully planned by the government and militia departments. It is thought that this will be one of the most useful and instructive camps ever held in California.

Mrs. Augustus Ekman, who confessed killing her twelve-year-old daughter, Frances Ekman, whose body was found in a trunk a week ago, pleaded not guilty in the Municipal Court of Salt Lake City. Her trial was set for July 14th. C. L. Anderson, her first husband, has employed attorneys for the defense.

DAIRY PRODUCE—Butter, 28½c; eggs, 24c.

KEEP COOL BY WEARING B. V. D., POROSKNIT

Or Balbriggan Light Weight Underwear at 50c a garment
Union Suits, \$1.00

Negligee or Attached Auto Collar and Separate Collar Overshirts—just the thing for warm weather. A large assortment for 50c and up.

W. C. SCHNEIDER
227 GRAND AVENUE
South San Francisco

FOR SALE on EASY TERMS Choice Residence Lots Will Build to Suit Purchaser Terms Like Rent

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.
Real Estate and Fire Insurance
Postoffice Building
South San Francisco

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE	
BANK OF ITALY	
SAVINGS	MEMBER COMMERCIAL
Associated Savings Banks of San Francisco The San Francisco Clearing House Association	
JUNE 30, 1913	
ASSETS	
First Mortgage Loans on Real Estate	\$5,236,118.06
Real Estate, Bank Building, Furniture, Fixtures and Safe	
Deposit Vaults	789,451.14
Time Loans (Collateral and Personal)	1,114,637.56
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit	44,946.26
Other Assets	36,962.08
United States, State, Municipal and Other Bonds	\$2,442,540.42
Demand Loans (Collateral and Personal)	2,635,431.55
CASH	1,912,270.43
	6,990,242.40
	\$14,162,357.50
LIABILITIES	
Capital Fully Paid	1,250,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	299,069.69
Dividends Unpaid	30,287.00
Letters of Credit	44,946.26
DEPOSITS	12,538,055.55
	\$14,162,357.50

State of California
City and County of San Francisco
L. SCATENA and A. P. GIANNINI, being each, separately, duly sworn, each for himself, says that said L. SCATENA is President, and that said A. P. Giannini is Vice President and Manager of the Bank of Italy, the Corporation above mentioned, and that every statement contained therein is true of our own knowledge and belief.
L. SCATENA.
A. P. GIANNINI.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of June, 1913.
THOS. S. BURNES, Notary Public.
The Story of Our Growth
As Shown by a Comparative Statement of Our Assets
December 31, 1904 \$285,436.97
DECEMBER 31, 1905 \$1,021,290.80
December 31, 1906 \$1,899,947.28
DECEMBER 31, 1907 \$2,221,347.35
December 31, 1908 \$2,574,004.90
DECEMBER 31, 1909 \$3,819,217.79
DECEMBER 31, 1910 \$6,539,861.47
DECEMBER 31, 1911 \$8,379,347.02
DECEMBER 31, 1912 \$11,228,814.56
JUNE 30, 1913, \$14,162,357.50
DIRECTORS
L. SCATENA, President.
DR. A. H. GIANNINI, Vice-President.
SECONDO GUASTI, President Italian Vineyard Co., Los Angeles and Guasti.
JAMES FUGAZI, Agenzia Fugazi, Pacific Coast Agency Compagnie Generale Transatlantique (French Steamship Line).
DR. G. E. CAGLIERI, Physician and Surgeon, San Francisco.
N. A. PELLERANO, Fischer & Pellerano, Druggists, San Jose.
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GIOVANNI FERRO, Schiappapietra Estate, Ventura; G. Ero & Co., Ventura, Los Angeles and New York; U. S. Agents G. B. Borsalino fu Lazzaro & C., Hat Manufacturers, Alessandria, Italy.
NILES PEASE, President, Niles Pease Investment Co., Los Angeles.
S. B. FUGAZI, Agenzia Fugazi, Pacific Coast Agency Compagnie Generale Transatlantique (French Steamship Line).
SAVINGS DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10th WILL EARN INTEREST FROM JULY 1st.

SAN MATEO COUNTY BRANCH
CORNER THIRD AVENUE AND "B" STREET, SAN MATEO

WALKED INTO THE TRAP.

It Was a Tantalizing Scheme, and It Unmasked the Pretender.

There are many stories extant, amusing as well as instructive, of the dodges resorted to by British soldiers who wish to get "invalided" home from an undesirable station. There is the case of the professed deaf and dumb man. The patient, who appeared suddenly and unaccountably to have gone deaf and dumb, when asked a question, would stare straight to his front in stony silence.

The dumb man was removed to the hospital for treatment, and upon his diet sheet each morning was written a tempting array of hospital comforts such as T. Atkins loves—rice pudding, bacon, eggs, milk punch and even beer. This list of luxuries could be studied by all who cared to read. But day after day the medical orderly



"HE'S A LIAR, SIR!"

brought nothing to the poor patient but plain milk. Each morning, in sympathetic voice, the officer inquired of the orderly in front of the patient whether each and every article of diet had been provided. The orderly glibly answered, "Yes, sir!"

"Did he get his beer with his dinner, all he wanted of it, and his milk punch before he went to bed?"

And again would come from the orderly a cheerful, "Yes, sir."

At first the poor deaf and dumb man's face would redden, but never a word could he hear or speak. There is, however, a limit to all endurance, and it was for that limit that the officer waited. Fully convinced that the orderly was a thief and a heartless scoundrel and had been bagging the comforts for himself, the patient could stand it no longer.

"He's a liar, sir!" gasped he at last. "I've had nothing but milk for a week!"

Result—Immediate discharge from hospital and a court martial.

Yes, He Was Fond of Her.

A small touring company was going the round of some of the English towns, and everywhere the audiences were delighted with the juvenile leading lady. She was so bright and fresh and girlish that the entire male portion of the audiences promptly fell in love with her.

One evening a youthful admirer sought out the manager of the company, a rather fine looking, bearded man, and proceeded to fish for an introduction to the charming little lady.

He had, he said, enjoyed her acting so much. "It must be very pleasant to know her," he suggested. "I expect you who see her so often are very fond of her?"

"Well, yes," admitted the manager. "Yes, I am rather fond of her."

"Perhaps you've known her for some time?" suggested the admirer.

"Yes, quite a long time," agreed the manager.

"But it can't be so very long," protested the other. "She's little more than a girl." Then a horrid suspicion came to him. "You—you're not her husband, are you?" he faltered.

"No, oh, no," said the manager. "I'm her son!"

Trapping a Dean.

Mr. Frederic Harrison tells the following story of Dr. Gaisford, once dean of Christ Church college, Oxford, a typical "head" of the old school, whose autocratic disposition did not escape the notice of his pupils. A student of the house, in spite of formal orders of the tutors that no undergraduate should have leave to attend the Derby, succeeded in getting it by telling Dr. Gaisford that his tutor had declared that not even the dear himself could break the college rule. "What!" said the dean. "They tell you I cannot give leave? I give you leave, sir—and report this order to your tutor!"

ORDINANCE NO. 69

An Ordinance Directing and Providing for the Incurring of Bonded Indebtedness of the City of South San Francisco, a Municipal Corporation in the County of San Mateo, State of California, in the Sum of Sixty-two Thousand Dollars (\$62,000.00) Gold Coin of the United States of America, to Pay the Cost of Certain Public Municipal Improvements in and for Said City of South San Francisco, Authorized at the Special Election Held in Said City on the 13th Day of May, 1913, and Providing for the Issuance of Bonds Evidencing Such Indebtedness, Specifying the Form of Said Bonds, Providing for a Tax Levy for the Payment Thereof, and Creating a Municipal Improvement Sewer Bond Fund.

of South San Francisco, and said City of South San Francisco has been, and is now, authorized and empowered to incur the aforesaid bonded indebtedness and the whole thereof; and

Whereas, it is provided in said ordinance numbered No. 67 that, if at said special election two-thirds (2/3) of all the voters voting at such special election voted in favor of incurring a bonded indebtedness of Sixty-two Thousand Dollars (\$62,000.00) as in said ordinance numbered No. 67 provided, bonds shall be authorized to be issued to the amount of Sixty-two Thousand Dollars (\$62,000.00) for the purpose aforesaid; and

Whereas, it was in said ordinance numbered No. 67 provided that said bonds shall be negotiable in form and shall be of the character that the principal shall be paid as herein after provided, to-wit:

The bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to said election shall bear interest from their date until paid at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually and the principal and interest of said bonds shall be payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, in the manner following, that is to say, one thirty-first (1/31) part of the whole amount of the principal of said indebtedness, created under the provisions of said ordinance numbered No. 67, shall be paid each and every year at the City Treasury of said City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, on the day and date to be thereafter fixed by the legislative branch of said municipality, together with the interest on all sums unpaid at said date, provided that the interest on said bonds shall be paid semi-annually so that there shall be a payment of interest on all sums then unpaid in each and every one-half year, one of such semi-annual payments in each year to be on the day and date of the payment of the annual installment of the principal of such indebtedness as aforesaid;

Whereas, it was further provided in said ordinance numbered No. 67 that such interest shall be evidenced by the proper coupons attached to said bonds, a separate coupon being attached to each bond for each semi-annual payment of the interest to become due on such bond; and that the total indebtedness authorized to be created at said election shall be represented by bonds payable in the manner aforesaid; and that said bonds shall be issued in such denominations as the legislative branch of said City of South San Francisco may determine, except that no bond shall be of a less denomination than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor of a greater denomination than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) and that said bonds shall be known as municipal improvement sewer bonds.

Now therefore, the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, municipal corporation in the County of San Mateo, State of California, do ordain as follows:

That in accordance with the will of the voters so expressed at said special election held on the 13th day of May, 1913, and in accordance with said ordinance numbered No. 67, regularly passed and adopted on the 21st day of April, 1913, by said Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, as aforesaid, and in compliance with the laws of the State of California, bonds of said City of South San Francisco in the sum of Sixty-two Thousand Dollars (\$62,000.00) be issued in accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act authorizing the incurring of indebtedness by cities, towns and municipal corporations for municipal improvements, and regulating the acquisition, construction, or completion thereof," which became a law February 25, 1901, and all acts amendatory thereof.

Section 1. Said bonds shall be negotiable in form and one hundred and sixty-four (164) in number; they shall be numbered consecutively from one (1) to one hundred and sixty-four (164) both inclusively; those of said bonds numbered from one (1) to one hundred (100), both inclusive, shall be of the denomination One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) each; those of said bonds numbered from one hundred and one (101) to one hundred and twenty-four (124), both inclusive shall be of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; and the remaining forty (40) of said bonds shall be of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) each, and all said bonds shall be payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, at the office of the City Treasury of said City of South San Francisco, and would, in addition to the other expenditures of said City of South San Francisco exceed the income and revenue provided for in any one year; and,

Whereas, the executive, the President of the Board of Trustees of said City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, did on the 24th day of March, 1913, duly and regularly approve such action of said legislative branch, and,

Whereas, the cost of such public municipal improvements was determined to be Sixty-two Thousand Dollars (\$62,000.00) and,

Whereas, the indebtedness to be incurred to pay the cost of said municipal improvements will be too great to be paid out of the ordinary annual income and revenue of said City of South San Francisco, and will in addition to the other expenditures of said City of South San Francisco, exceed the income and revenue provided for in any one year; and,

Whereas, in accordance with the will of the voters so expressed at said special election held on the 13th day of May, 1913, and in accordance with said ordinance numbered No. 67, regularly passed and adopted on the 21st day of April, 1913, by said Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, as aforesaid, and in compliance with the laws of the State of California, bonds of said City of South San Francisco in the sum of Sixty-two Thousand Dollars (\$62,000.00) be issued in accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act authorizing the incurring of indebtedness by cities, towns and municipal corporations for municipal improvements, and regulating the acquisition, construction, or completion thereof," which became a law February 25, 1901, and all acts amendatory thereof.

Section 2. Said bonds shall be negotiable in form and one hundred and sixty-four (164) in number; they shall be numbered consecutively from one (1) to one hundred and sixty-four (164) both inclusively; those of said bonds numbered from one (1) to one hundred (100), both inclusive, shall be of the denomination One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) each; those of said bonds numbered from one hundred and one (101) to one hundred and twenty-four (124), both inclusive shall be of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; and the remaining forty (40) of said bonds shall be of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) each, and all said bonds shall be payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, at the office of the City Treasury of said City of South San Francisco, and would, in addition to the other expenditures of said City of South San Francisco, exceed the income and revenue provided for in any one year; and,

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Section 3. Said bonds shall be negotiable in form and one hundred and sixty-four (164) in number; they shall be numbered consecutively from one (1) to one hundred and sixty-four (164) both inclusively; those of said bonds numbered from one (1) to one hundred (100), both inclusive, shall be of the denomination One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) each; those of said bonds numbered from one hundred and one (101) to one hundred and twenty-four (124), both inclusive shall be of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; and the remaining forty (40) of said bonds shall be of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) each, and all said bonds shall be payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, at the office of the City Treasury of said City of South San Francisco, and would, in addition to the other expenditures of said City of South San Francisco, exceed the income and revenue provided for in any one year; and,

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Section 4. Said bonds shall be negotiable in form and one hundred and sixty-four (164) in number; they shall be numbered consecutively from one (1) to one hundred and sixty-four (164) both inclusively; those of said bonds numbered from one (1) to one hundred (100), both inclusive, shall be of the denomination One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) each; those of said bonds numbered from one hundred and one (101) to one hundred and twenty-four (124), both inclusive shall be of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; and the remaining forty (40) of said bonds shall be of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) each, and all said bonds shall be payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, at the office of the City Treasury of said City of South San Francisco, and would, in addition to the other expenditures of said City of South San Francisco, exceed the income and revenue provided for in any one year; and,

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Section 5. Said bonds shall be negotiable in form and one hundred and sixty-four (164) in number; they shall be numbered consecutively from one (1) to one hundred and sixty-four (164) both inclusively; those of said bonds numbered from one (1) to one hundred (100), both inclusive, shall be of the denomination One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) each; those of said bonds numbered from one hundred and one (101) to one hundred and twenty-four (124), both inclusive shall be of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; and the remaining forty (40) of said bonds shall be of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) each, and all said bonds shall be payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, at the office of the City Treasury of said City of South San Francisco, and would, in addition to the other expenditures of said City of South San Francisco, exceed the income and revenue provided for in any one year; and,

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Section 6. Said bonds shall be negotiable in form and one hundred and sixty-four (164) in number; they shall be numbered consecutively from one (1) to one hundred and sixty-four (164) both inclusively; those of said bonds numbered from one (1) to one hundred (100), both inclusive, shall be of the denomination One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) each; those of said bonds numbered from one hundred and one (101) to one hundred and twenty-four (124), both inclusive shall be of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; and the remaining forty (40) of said bonds shall be of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) each, and all said bonds shall be payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, at the office of the City Treasury of said City of South San Francisco, and would, in addition to the other expenditures of said City of South San Francisco, exceed the income and revenue provided for in any one year; and,

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Section 7. Said bonds shall be negotiable in form and one hundred and sixty-four (164) in number; they shall be numbered consecutively from one (1) to one hundred and sixty-four (164) both inclusively; those of said bonds numbered from one (1) to one hundred (100), both inclusive, shall be of the denomination One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) each; those of said bonds numbered from one hundred and one (101) to one hundred and twenty-four (124), both inclusive shall be of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; and the remaining forty (40) of said bonds shall be of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) each, and all said bonds shall be payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, at the office of the City Treasury of said City of South San Francisco, and would, in addition to the other expenditures of said City of South San Francisco, exceed the income and revenue provided for in any one year; and,

Whereas, the executive, the President of the Board of Trustees of said City of South San

BOSOM FRIENDS

An Episode of the Mexican Revolution

By RYLAND BELL

On the outskirts of the City of Mexico lived two friends, Manuel Cusio and Enrique Coral.

Both Cusio and Coral were acquainted with Pepita Reyes and were making love to her at the same time. Cusio, who had no idea that his friend was favorably disposed to the girl, confided his own feelings with respect to her, but Coral did not reciprocate the confidence. The latter had an idea that he could by perseverance win Pepita from Manuel and proposed to her after he knew that she had engaged herself to his friend.

While Pepita was a girl of very deep feeling, she possessed a good understanding and plenty of solid sense—that is to say, she had both brains and tact.

"Why do you set so much store by your friend Enrique Coral?" she would say. "You are his superior in every way. You have in you the makings of a more prominent citizen. You are more trustworthy."

"You women," replied Manuel, "are influenced by your feelings. Men judge by facts. Enrique will one day be one of the most influential men in Mexico."

Pepita knew that Enrique was aware of his friend's love for her and that she had promised to be his wife, but so great was Enrique's influence over Manuel that she dare not tell her lover what Enrique had done. Should Enrique deny it, Manuel would believe that she had a personal grudge against his friend and had brought a false accusation against him. Indeed, Manuel had once said to her, "Why is it that when a woman gets a lover she at once tries to separate him from all his old friends?"

On this account Pepita thought it wiser to keep the secret, realizing that if Manuel's eyes were ever opened to his friend's true character he must find it out through some one else than herself. Possibly after marriage she might venture a warning, but not now Enrique, she believed, had it in his power to separate her from Manuel, whom she dearly loved.

When Manuel and Pepita were married, Enrique was called away on business and was not present at the wedding. This cast a gloom on the festivities, for the groom was bitterly disappointed. Indeed, Enrique was to have been his "best man." His bride was tempted to tell him the reason of his friend's absence, but shrank from bringing the accusation at such a time. After the wedding she put off speaking of the matter, and when again she met Enrique he expressed his appreciation of her good sense in not having told Manuel that he had been his rival and begged that she would never break up their friendship by doing so. Since he excused himself for his act by his infatuation for her and seemed to regret having spoken, she yielded to a request that she would promise him to keep the secret always.

Ten years passed. While Cusio and Coral were naturally not thrown together as much as they had been when they were both bachelors, there seemed to be no change in their intimacy. Coral had achieved prominence as an agitator. He was a fluent speaker and was always ready to show the people why they should pull down rather than why they should patiently plod on in building up. Cusio was an unambitious man and unaware of his talents. He had inherited a hacienda and was content to cultivate it, spending any time not required for the purpose in his library.

Such was the status when the uprising against President Porfirio Diaz began to show itself. Cusio was satisfied with the existing conditions and remained quietly on his hacienda. Coral, while pretending to support the government, was secretly working with the supporters of Madero. The revolution was a long while developing, and during this period Cusio and Coral had frequent discussions upon the political aspects of national affairs, and when they had parted after one of them Cusio would say to his wife:

"There's a man for you. The president has no such staunch supporter as Enrique Coral. When the revolution is ended he will occupy one of the most important positions in the cabinet."

"Nevertheless, my dear," replied the wife, "remember that in politics friendship does not count. When it becomes necessary for the politician to sacrifice

his friend he has no alternative, especially during these governmental changes we have in Central America. To keep your own counsel is not to distrust your friends. You don't know but that circumstances may arise which will compel him to sacrifice you."

"When Enrique sacrifices me," replied the infatuated man, "I shall consider the world too dishonorable for me to live in."

Pepita turned away, with a sigh, saying to herself: "The world is too contemptible for him to live in. He is so honorable himself that he can't realize the dishonor of others."

When the uprising was completed and President Diaz was leaving Mexico, Coral went over publicly to the side he had been secretly favoring and became one of the chief beneficiaries of the Madero government. His friend Cusio was surprised at this, but Coral convinced him that he was simply doing his duty, as it was the duty of all good men to support the existing government. Mexico was in a transition state, and her more influential citizens must do what they could to prevent anarchy.

In stating the causes for this change to his wife Manuel Cusio added: "Enrique always decides right. For me, I cannot go with the siderists. I cannot take that comprehensive view of the situation that Enrique is capable of taking. I am too narrow. I cannot see the good of the people as Enrique sees it."

Pepita said nothing. She was thinking that Enrique was now a man of influence in the dominant party, and if it became his interest to sacrifice her husband he had the power to do so. Not that she foresaw any such sacrifice. Indeed, she realized only the desire of Coral's younger days to possess his friend's wife, and doubtless that had died out long ago.

"Do not worry, sweetheart," he said. "I shall notify Enrique Coral, who will surely have the power to beat off this enemy, whoever he may be, who has doubtless taken this means of being revenged upon me for some fanned injury."

She did not care to discourage him, but she failed to share his confidence in his friend. If Enrique could help him without too much sacrifice to himself she believed he would do so. But Enrique was not the president, nor the vice president, nor a general, nor one of the cabinet. When her husband had passed out of sight she turned away and gave vent to her fears.

The next day the blow fell. A messenger came from Enrique Coral to say that her husband and his friend had been shot the night before while trying to escape from his guards. Coral had applied to the president for Manuel's release, and the application had been granted. He was going himself to the jail with the order when he heard the sad news. He begged Pepita if there was any way by which he could lighten her affliction to let him know.

The young widow did not leave the hacienda after her husband's murder. Coral came occasionally to see her. She received him with neither cordiality nor coldness. What she felt toward him he was unable to divine; what she showed was not different from her bearing toward him when her husband lived.

During the incumbency of Madero, Coral ventured to show to Pepita that the love he had borne her still lived. He met with a simple turning away. He was a man who did not consider anything impossible. He spoke his love and asked the widow to be his wife. He met with a refusal, as he had expected, but believed that he would at last succeed.

Not long before the revolution that deposed Madero, Senora Cusio left her hacienda to make several visits to the City of Mexico. What she was doing there no one knew. Indeed, some of her visits were made secretly, and no one who knew her was aware of her presence there. She met several government officials and gained access (by bribery) to certain documents. Among others there was a letter from one in authority to a military officer, stating that, on the information of Enrique Coral, Manuel Cusio was known to be plotting against the government.

The officer was ordered to arrest the said Cusio and confine him in the city prison.

When Enrique Coral called again on his old love he was received in a manner that seemed to warrant another proposal. He asked her to reconsider her former decision, and she consented. But he was to have no lover's privileges, not even a kiss, till the revolution that had been started to depose Madero had come to a head.

Coral was bound to Madero in inter-

est and had nothing to hope from the other side. He therefore stuck to his chief and, after the latter's fall, instigated by his fiancee, began to plot for the downfall of the Huerta government. This plotting was undertaken in the provinces, Coral keeping away from the capital. One day he received a letter from Senora Cusio saying that she was in the city and if he would come there she would marry him.

It was a risky step for him to take, but love triumphed. He arrived on the day set for the nuptials and had scarcely entered the city before he was arrested by order of the Huerta government and lodged in jail. Soon after his arrest he was visited by his bride elect. She had with her documents proving conclusively that it was through him that her husband had been arrested and murdered under the Mexican law that exonerates any one shooting a prisoner trying to escape—a pretext under which so many persons were murdered at the fall of the Madero government. What further occurred between them is not known. But the fact remains that the same evening at the hour Coral was to have been married, while being removed to another prison, he was shot "while trying to escape."

Senora Cusio is still a widow, and there is no prospect of her again marrying. The only occasion of her leaving her hacienda was when she was seeking the evidence by which to avenge her husband's death and to meet his murderer.

THE MORNING CANTER.

Smart Riding Togs
For Wee Horsewoman.



RIDING HABIT IN GRAY WORSTED.

This little maid is trimly attired for a morning canter. Over her shirt waist of white madras and riding breeches, buttoned at the knee, is worn a smartly cut coat of light gray worsted.

Leather bootees meet the breeches and the riding hat is anchored fast with elastic.

Veils Are Fashionable.

Decided is the use of the veil, which gives chic to a costume that no one can deny and every one can emulate. The veil in its new form has come to stay. It has wound itself around the hats and hearts of the well dressed women who congregate in the tea rooms of noted hotels and restaurants of the Bois.

Dainty patterns are the favorites. The meshes are fine, and the more conspicuous they are the better they are liked.

The patterns are conventional in design. No longer are there attempts to simulate crawling lizards, fitting butterflies or wriggling crabs. Happily for the appearance of our faces the vogue of the naturalistic has died a well deserved death.

Single chenille dots are very small and appear here and there over a veil.

As a rival to the historic east and blue rooms the White House is to have a room decorated largely with the handiwork of the mountaineers of the south.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, who is interested in the work of the Southern Educational association, has ordered duplicates of many of the exhibits of weaving on view in the association's rooms in Washington. The wife of the president and Mrs. Marshall, wife of Vice President Marshall, visited the exhibition frequently.

Points for Mothers

Summer Whooping Cough.

In the summer there often comes an epidemic of whooping cough. Mother notices that her child has a slight hacking cough, which becomes more frequent and prolonged as the days pass and which seems not to respond to the usual treatments for colds. The paroxysms seem to grow more pronounced at night, and vomiting follows a severe spell of coughing.

Well, if it is whooping cough you will have to accept the fact pleasantly—and intelligently—and do your best for your own child and for every other child in the vicinity.

A child may have many severe coughing spells during the day and yet his health be not much impaired. The main point is to give nourishment that can be retained. This can be done by feeding every two hours in small portions rather than giving three heavy meals. A tight bandage around the abdomen will lessen the strain of coughing and tend to prevent vomiting.

In the early stages of whooping cough relief is given if the mouth be sprayed frequently during the day with a mild antiseptic solution.

The whooping is heard about three weeks after the first signs, and it lasts for about three weeks. The cough may remain for some time after the typical whoop has gone.

Disinfection is necessary. Chloride of lime or a 5 per cent solution of carbolic acid will answer all demands. Do not neglect to give fresh air—plenty of it—during waking and sleeping hours. Sunlight must be admitted, and protection from bad weather must be given. It is better to have special toys that may be burned when the patient recovers.

The chief dangers of whooping cough are the results, or the "sequela," as doctors call them. It is not uncommon for pneumonia to follow this disease. Tuberculosis is another terrible consequence of which parents should be especially watchful. It is frequently established before suspected, and through carelessness of parents irreparable damage is done.

If the child coughs for an unreasonably prolonged period, be wise in time. Have his lungs tested once a week and feed them fresh air. Give the deadly germs no opportunity to establish themselves, and, if perchance a few are present, battle with them by using nature's weapons—sunlight, air and nourishing food.

A disinfection of the room after recovery is a safeguard not to be forgotten. Your child contracts the disease from some one. Prevent some one's child from taking and passing on the danger.

Educating Father.

Mary Stewart Cutting in Harper's Bazaar writes about "Educating Father." Among the phases of this process which she describes with much humor is the following:

"Father's salient idea, of course, when Selma graduates, is that now she will stay at home and help her mother. It makes no difference that mother doesn't want Selma's help in the household. Her one desire is to have her child 'asked to everything' and to be able to see Selma enjoying herself; to have the house full of Selma's young friends, arrange for the clothes needed when she is invited away over a week end and smooth over all the difficulties that may be in the way—to the motherly providence over Selma's youthful happiness and hear about it all in the first glow of Selma's return from a delightful visit, to be, as it were, vicariously, a girl herself again.

"It is dear and flattering to have father sternly insisting that mother shall be considered first. She would miss it if he didn't show that ever jealous regard for her, but it is dreadfully hampering as far as her and Selma's plans are concerned.

"It keeps her, in perfunctory respect for his authority, earnestly impressing on the girl how thoughtful and kind and generous father is and how much money he has already spent on her, really more than he can afford, and the exact reason he doesn't want her to go to the party on Saturday, as if youth could ever be reasoned out of wanting a good time, while all the time mother knows, and so does Selma, that she is going to persuade him to agree to all they want."

New Ideas For Nursery.

Mothers are anxious to make the nursery attractive these days. What are called "life motifs" or studies from nature are now popular designs for decoration and can easily be achieved.

Take a single large sheet of water

color paper and on this paste a variety of cut out white paper animals, which are to serve as a frieze. At regular intervals of twelve inches paste one of these animals—a dog, cat, squirrel, kangaroo or any kind of bird. All these must be cut out of white paper, though a little variety is afforded by giving yellow bills and red feet to the chickens.

The walls above and below this frieze of white animals may be painted in tan color and so serve as a restful background to the decorations.

The bird motif in the brilliant colors of every gay hued parrot, robin red-breast, bird of paradise, etc., is also highly effective on a background of gray cartridge paper and invariably pleases a nursery of children.

No Doubt About It.

There is an amusing story connected with Dr Chavasse, the bishop of Liverpool.

Dr. Chavasse is the father of two sets of twins, and soon after Mrs. Chavasse had had twins for the second time a curate from a neighboring parish was asked to preach the Sunday morning sermon in Dr. Chavasse's church. By an extraordinary coincidence he chose as his text the words, "Two are better than one."

A quite audible giggle came from one or two members of the congregation, and, quite ignorant of the cause of his hearers' amusement, the curate gazed at them in shocked surprise. Then, fearing that there might be something amiss with his surprise, he tried to examine himself. Finding nothing amiss, he looked sternly at the congregation and repeated his text in a loud, clear voice:

"Two are better than one!"

As he now seemed to be calling attention to his little joke, the entire congregation quivered with suppressed mirth.—London Globe.

A Fruit Tonic.

Grapefruit eaten with sugar is considered one of the healthiest breakfast foods. It is a great aid to digestion, and the fact that it is so improves the physical condition, and in turn one's beauty is enhanced.

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SAN BRUNO NEWS.

For hunting licenses call on our barber.

Mrs. A. Matthes of Oakland spent July 4th with Mr. Pfleger.

Mrs. Frank Smith of the third addition spent the 4th in San Jose.

Born—In San Bruno, July 10th, to the wife of Mr. McKinnion, a boy.

Be at the Incorporation Dance? Sure.

Gus Jenevein is driving a fine new Chalmers auto and is very proud of it.

Mrs. William Turnbull of fourth addition spent last week-end with friends across the bay.

Dr. F. W. Slack, of St. Louis, Mo., is visiting his aunt, Mrs. J. T. Cullar for a few weeks.

The Huntington Coffee Club spent a most enjoyable afternoon with Mrs. T. Leach last Thursday.

Little Donald Frazer of Lomita Park slipped into a bonfire Sunday and burned both feet quite severely.

Don't forget the dance to-night at Green's Hall.

S. J. Miller, of San Francisco, spent Sunday among us. Mr. Miller is a general broker for fire insurance companies.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Miller of Chicago, arrived Thursday of last week for a visit with their daughter, Mrs. L. M. Pfleger.

The Ladies' Social and Improvement Club met Friday with Mrs. Turnbull and spent a very pleasant afternoon.

Mrs. Jane Smith of third addition and grand children Helen and Eddie, are spending the rest of the summer in Lake county.

Master George Follett of San Jose is spending the month with his grandparents Mr. and Mrs. Herman Lau-meister of fourth addition.

Frank Valentine accidentally stepped on a nail, Thursday, July 3d, and injured his foot so badly that a physician was necessary to dress the wound.

Incorporation Dance tonight at Green's Hall. You will have a good time.

July 4th a party of San Bruno young people, twenty-six in all, went by automobile to Half Moon Bay to help the people celebrate the 4th of July.

For Sale—Horse, buggy and harness, also some furniture, including sewing machine, bedstead, mattress, bureau, etc. Apply Petersen's grocery, San Bruno. Advt.

Mr. and Mrs. Gibouret returned Monday from an automobile trip to Ukiash. They say it is fine traveling by machine, as you have a good view of the scenery.

Mr. and Mrs. Branch and Mr. and Mrs. Roberts wish to extend to the San Bruno Volunteer Fire Company their sincere thanks for the heroic work during the fire in Lomita Park.

An open-air concert by the Peninsula World's Fair Band will be given in the Peninsula Hotel grounds San Mateo, to-morrow afternoon. There will be no concert on Sunday, July 20th.

Mr. and Mrs. William Flynn were very agreeably surprised last Sunday to receive a visit from some old friends of Denver, Colorado, namely Mr. and Mrs. Hall. They have purchased a ranch in the Sacramento Valley and stopped on their way for a short visit.

Attend the Incorporation Dance this evening. Harmonie orchestra.

High Class Motion Pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Saturday and Sunday evening, and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8:15 p.m., matinee 2:30 p.m. Advt.

Friday evening, July 4th, the Socialist Party gave another one of its good times in the Jenevein avenue fire house. The lecture entitled, "Love Will Find Its Own," given by Norman Duxbury, was declared by those present to be the best ever heard by this branch of the Socialist Party. Refreshments were served at the close to the largest gathering held at this place.

The regular meeting of the federated clubs was held on Wednesday evening with Chairman Wm. J. Flynn presiding. A good number of delegates responded to Secretary Hearne at roll call. Final arrangements were an-

nounced for the dance this evening. The committee on incorporation reported that the petition for the incorporation of San Bruno had been presented to the supervisors and would come up for action on August 4th.

For Sale—A bay horse in good condition, 8 years old, weight 1200 lbs.; also a wagon and harness suitable for a delivery or peddling wagon. Inquire of F. C. Russell, P. F. Box 182, San Bruno. Advt.

While Mill Valley and Mt. Tamalpais are fighting fire we are having fires nearer home. Tuesday afternoon the people in the upper end of fourth addition were out fighting fire in the Silva pasture next to the boundary of the fourth addition. Also Wednesday Coyote Point just east of Burlingame had a narrow escape. Fire broke out at 3:30 o'clock on the southeast side. The wind blowing from the northeast, only five acres of the one hundred of pine was burned. The Hillsborough fire department made a record run and after a hard battle extinguished the flames.

For Sale—3-room house and 2 lots 3d addition, cash \$180, or will consider terms; 5-room house and 2 lots, most-up-to-date house anywhere, price \$5500, \$1500 down, balance \$25 a month; 4-room house and lot in Belle Air, \$800, \$200 down, balance \$10 month, no interest; 2 lots in fourth addition for \$500, good location; 2 lots in 5th addition for \$500, good location, 4-room house, plastered, and 2 lots in Huntington Park, price \$1690, \$350 down, balance \$10 month. L. M. Pfleger, San Bruno. Advt.

The Women of Woodecraft on Thursday, July 3d, gave a surprise party in honor of Caroline Venable's graduation. About fifty gathered in the Woodecraft parlors and spent the evening in games, singing and dancing. During the evening refreshments were served and Miss Caroline was presented with a beautiful barrette. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Cook, Mrs. Doyle, Mrs. Liddle, Mrs. Schmidt and Edith, Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Pudsey, Kenneth Pudsey, Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. Mathieuson, Mrs. Hatfield, Mrs. Magneusen, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Russell, Harold and Marion Russell, Geo. De-benedetti, Charlie Hart, Mildred Lo-Reaux, Joe Raspadori, Joe Maloney, Stanley Doyle, Pete Valentine, Norman Skellenger, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Valentine, Mr. and Mrs. Madden, Marjorie, Lillian and Jean Kirk, Minnie Mannerburg, Adele Doyle, Maud and Harold Tolle, Joie Marceaux, Hilda Jenevein, Mrs. Venable and Caroline Venable.

The Brotherhood of American Yeomen of San Bruno, No. 910, celebrated the 4th of July with a grand picnic in the grove adjoining Uncle Tom's Cabin. At 10:30, the parade formed in front of Green's Hall and led by the boys flute and drum corps marched to the picnic grounds. The judges chosen were strangers to all the Yeomen as well as strangers to the community. The first girl's prize was awarded to little Frances Cryer for the prettiest doll buggy. The first boy's prize was given to Ernest Mueller, but not for a doll for Ernest had his wagon beautifully decorated and in the midst sat his little baby sister like a queen. The second girl's prize was given to Viola Brett and the second boy's prize awarded to Master Leland Hoke who was a little Yeoman and wheeled a tiny wagon trimmed in the Yeoman colors, red and green with the word Yeoman over the top while among the red and green reposed the emblem of the state of California, the Bear. After the spread at 12:30 the San Bruno Juniors played ball with the Yeomen—score 4 to 1 in favor of the Yeomen. After the ball game, came the races, of which Mrs. Muller was first and the men's race, Harold Heintz. The children's, Frank Schmidt for the boys and Gladys Beckner and Helen Smith for the girls. The little tots' race was won by little Jean Tucker. The tug of war was after a hard tussle won by the ladies. The evening was spent in dancing and music at Green's Hall. About seventy were present and all declared this to be the best 4th of July they had experienced.

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SERVIA DECLARES WAR ON FORMER ALLY

Statement Made That Conflict With Bulgaria Has Begun

The Balkan was having been regularized by formal declarations, it is understood that the powers will make no attempt to mediate. The Official Gazette at Belgrade has published notice of a formal declaration of war against Bulgaria.

Official dispatches claim a great victory at Roiran, where the Bulgarians recently re-enforced, were in superior strength to the Greeks. The latter assert that a whole division of Bulgarians was destroyed, and that the Bulgarians fled in such confusion that they even left loaded guns behind.

This victory is considered of great importance because Doiran was the Bulgarian victualing center and all the provisions fell into the hands of the Greeks.

It is reported from Sofia that the Tenth Bulgarian Division which reinforced General Ivanov was brought from the Tchatalja district. This would indicate compliance with Turkey's demand that the Bulgarians evacuate Turkish territory.

The Bulgarians are taking the offensive against Nish, according to announcement from Sofia.

The Turkish government decided to occupy with its armed forces all the territory within the Enes-Midia line running from the Aegean sea to the Black sea which had been virtually decided upon as the future boundary line between Bulgaria and Turkey, according to a Constantinople telegram.

Father Michel, superior of the French Catholic Mission at Kilkish, confirms reports of massacres committed in that district by Bulgarian irregulars. In one instance, they burned to death 700 men belonging to Kurkut by imprisoning them in a mosque under which they exploded bombs, setting the building on fire. They had previously assembled the victims' wives and daughters to witness the spectacle.

Even more terrible scenes were enacted at Kilkish, Planiza and Ray-novo, women also being burned to death.

The London Daily Express publishes the rumor that Turkey has made an offer to Servia and Greece to establish an alliance against Bulgaria.

The Bucharest correspondent says a member of the government is authority for the statement that war between Bulgaria and Roumania is inevitable. The mobilization of the Roumanian army will soon be completed, it is said. Roumania intends to fight in order to prevent Bulgaria from crushing Servia and Greece.

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

W. S. Killingsworth of Vacaville is the latest applicant for superintendent of the San Francisco Mint.

The Gaston postoffice has been ordered discontinued from July 1st and the postoffice at Caution on July 31st.

There are two chances which might intervene to save Jacob Oppenheimer from execution at Folsom State prison. One is a reprieve at the hands of the Governor and the other is notice that his attorneys have taken another appeal, one being left to him, so it is claimed, from the ruling of the United States District Court refusing his petition for a writ of habeas corpus.

All the tearful appeals of Mrs. Champion London to physicians and nurses to permit her to be present in the operating room when her husband was operated on for appendicitis in Oakland were of no avail. She was made to remain outside the door while Dr. W. S. Porter removed the troublesome appendix from the author's side. The operation was successful, and London will leave the hospital within ten days.

Nat C. Goodwin has been cited to appear before the city council of Santa Monica to show cause why his cafe license should not be revoked. So also were the proprietors of the Sunset Inn and all the other liquor-selling cafes of Santa Monica. The Santa Monica ordinance regulating cafes forbids the sale of liquor after midnight. The Police Commission issued an order that on the nights of July 4th, 5th and 6th they would be permitted to sell bottled enthusiasm until 1 a. m.

County Assessor J. W. Moore has completed the San Joaquin county assessment roll for the year, and it will be turned over to the Board of Super-

LADY SACKVILLE.

Made Defendant In Suit to Break Sir John Murray Scott's Will.



JAPANESE COMING TO DISPEL HOSTILITY

There Are No Sinister Motives in California

Efforts to bring about a more friendly attitude toward the Japanese in California will be made in San Francisco in the course of the next three weeks by Baron Juichi Soyeda and T. Kamiya, who have come to this country to study American sentiment toward the Japanese. These two men, who have spent several weeks in New York and Washington, will be in San Francisco within ten days, and their chief mission there will be to dispel the idea that Japan is inclined to war with this country, and that the Japanese have a sinister motive in California.

An attempt will be made to have the leaders of the various warring factions in California meet both Soyeda and Kamiya in San Francisco, and to discuss with them the causes of the hostility in California that have threatened trouble between this country and Japan. If the plans of the Japanese are carried out, it is likely that a big dinner will be held in San Francisco a few days before the two men sail from that city for Japan. At that gathering Soyeda and Kamiya will outline to Californians the attitude of Japan to this country, especially the views on the California alien land question.

While the two men deny they are representatives of the Government, they undoubtedly will report to their Government when they return what they have learned concerning the sentiment toward Japanese throughout this country.

HAREM TROUSERS THE LATEST

The Last Word in Gowns Is Known as the Tango Dress.

The last word in women's gowns has just reached New York. It is popularly termed the "tango dress," but its creator says the proper way to speak of it is "the harem pantaloons."

The foundation of the new gown is a set of flaring pantaloons of the type affected by harem beauties. The stockings worn with the pantaloons must, according to the designer, be of the same shade as the cloth composing the pantaloons.

The outer garment is cut away to disclose the wide trousers. It is a dainty creation of chiffon and crepe material, trimmed with silver bangles, and has a satin corsage of flowers on the bodice.

A large band of Chinese recently surrounded the Tibetan town of Hsia-chen. The Tibetans, before going into battle, killed their women and children, lest they should be captured by the Chinese.

JAPANESE DELEGATES.

Dr. Juichi Sayeda (top) and T. Kamiya Now in America.

